

THE PEOPLE OF ARMENIA.

Poor but Hospitable; Humble but Virtuous and Industrious.

TIMES ARE HARD THERE.

Peculiar Customs of the People of the Far East—Gospel is Spreading in Turkey and Armenia.

Special Correspondence.

Aintab, Aleppo Velayet, Turkey, May 28, 1900.—A little over three months ago I wrote you from Bucharest, Roumania. Leaving there at the time of my writing I proceeded to Constantinople on the Black Sea, then with a voyage 12 hours to Constantinople, then another voyage of six days brought me to Alexandretta, on the extreme east of the Mediterranean, on a carriage ride for three days and one day on mule back, brought me to Aintab, my present field of labor.

It is in this land where on entering a house you take off your shoes and keep your hat on; where most of the writing is from right to left; where there are narrow streets with high walls and sometimes beautiful court yards and gardens inside, but which only the owners can enjoy the sight of; where the time is reckoned from sundown of the night before, so that at present noon is five o'clock; where in all the restaurants the cooking is open to the street; where wagons are unknown and where carriages have only been used during the last few years, where flint lock pistols are still manufactured; where quite a portion of the silver money used is an old coinage, half shaped, so that with ten dollars in a bag you would have a pocketful of money on the real and not merely the accepted meaning of pocketful; where nine-tenths of the men wear dresses, and where most of the women wear heavy blue overalls on weekdays; where the Turkish Mohammedan women are always seen with their faces covered, and to whom to be seen without a veil by a stranger would be as embarrassing as for one of our ladies to be seen by a passer by while half dressed, and at whose houses when you call you have to knock and then wait until the women can hide you.

Yet with all this I am satisfied that the Armenian people among whom I am laboring could be assimilated with our people with no more difficulty than that of most of the Latin races of Europe, and would make better citizens, as from what I have seen of the Armenian people the standard of morality is quite high.

This is a land of different races, Syrian, Armenian, Kurd, Arab, etc., which you can easily distinguish by their physiognomies, the Turks being an exception, but are considered many elements, but here with very small portions of Armenian blood compared with that of the other races.

The Armenians on the contrary are a pure blooded race, political events and social customs preventing them from intermarrying with the other races of this land.

They are not a dark race as is generally supposed, but are considerably lighter in complexion than most of the peoples of southern Europe, about one-third of the men having blonde or light brown moustaches, and quite a number having blue eyes, although black eyes are general.

Physically they are of medium size, say about the height and build of the people of North Wales, and with about the same proportion of blonde to brunette, but if anything a little lighter build.

They seem to be quite bright intellectually, acquiring languages with far greater ease than we do; are fairly industrious, working continuously very long hours, though not so hard as we generally do; are educationally active, trying to give their children an education under very adverse circumstances (and in this regard if my memory serves me right, I recollect reading that they had printing presses in Venice, Italy, and Amsterdam, Holland, in the early days of printing and books in the Armenian language, were printed there).

They are the progressive people here, if such a word can be applied to a country where so little progress is made. Compared with Northern European nations they seem to be lacking in force and I would not expect to see many great leaders of men come from this nation, with all their brightness.

Times are hard here, and although wages have always been very low in the interior of Turkey, this year it is some ten times as low as in the United States, and the principal reason being that European goods can be manufactured cheaper than they can be here, the primitive machinery in use, and that this year there has been other outlets where foreign capital could find employment.

Wages here as I have said are extremely low, being from ten cents to 30 cents per day. This with the price of bread stuffs about the same as at home does not leave room for many luxuries to the workers, especially as at present many are out of work.

The poverty of this land is a poverty, compared with which the poverty of our land would be wealth. It is a very great misfortune to be poor and to "feel poor." These people as a general thing if they have enough to sustain life do not "feel poor."

I am repeatedly asked to dine with families and am met at the gate by a host with all politeness and who expresses himself in high flow language for some little time. The house is of nice white stone, but with poles in a place up a dirt roof, which is a place where quite a little of the work is done in summer. In the house are two rooms for the man and his wife to work but outside of that and a few cooking utensils, is devoid of furniture. The bedding of the family being quite folded up in recesses. Perhaps some nice carpets or rugs are on the floor, but outside of the carpets you would value the rest of the belongings of the family as under \$10. You take off your shoes, inquire as to the health of the family and the table is set. In this country getting a table meal bringing in a copper tray large enough for four or five persons to sit around cross-legged on the carpet, then five or six dishes containing boiled rice, boiled fowl, or cracked wheat cooked and wrapped in grape leaves, etc., etc., are placed on the tray in the center and bread and cakes about two feet in diameter and thin as coarse wrapping paper doubled up and placed on the sides.

The people eat by tearing off a piece of the thin bread and wrapping up a piece of the rice or beans in it, and do it without spilling any of the soft food, or soiling their fingers in doing so. The women do not eat with the men, but eat what is left in the dishes, the tray being carried to another part of the room when the men get through. A young lady will come in, waiting on the table, bringing a tumbler (most likely the only one) on a plate (again perhaps the only one), with a glass of sour milk, the general rule being, the time she serves any one she makes a bow, puts

GIRLHOOD, WOMANHOOD AND MOTHERHOOD Are Renovated, Regulated and Restored by the Pelvic Catarrh Remedy Pe-ru-na.



Mrs. E. C. Everly, 505 Diamond Street, Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I feel well, never felt better; thanks for your attention and Pe-ru-na. I will be glad to do all I can in the way of advancing the sale of your valuable medicine. I do think Pe-ru-na the best medicine I have tried at any time. Since I began taking Pe-ru-na we have never been without it."

Read what an elderly woman says—a woman who has passed through all the phases, crises and experiences of girlhood, womanhood and motherhood: "I really believe that every woman in the world ought to have Pe-ru-na on hand all the time; for, if she gets tired, Pe-ru-na refreshes her; if she gets nervous, it soothes her; if despondent, it cheers

and invigorates. It is a panacea for all irregularities of her monthly periods. It is a constant friend to the expectant mother; a never-failing stand-by to the nursing mother, both for herself and for her child, and finally when the change of life comes on, no medicine on earth is of equal efficacy to the woman in this critical period. Surely Pe-ru-na is the woman's friend."

That catarrh has any relation to barrenness in women is surprising to many. It is one of the mysteries of catarrh. This insidious disease penetrates to every organ of the body. Mrs. L. M. Griffith, of Cambridge, Mass., says: "Your medicine did me a wonderful amount of good. I cured me of barrenness. I am thirty years old and had never borne any children, but since beginning your medicine I gave birth to a ten-pound baby girl. She is now six months old, and weighs twenty-five pounds. My friends were all surprised. Some would not believe it until they came to see me. My husband says he never saw such a change in anyone as there was in me after I had taken three or four bottles of Pe-ru-na. I am stronger than I have been since I was quite young. God bless you and your medicine forever."

Address Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O., for free catarrh book.

C. Maritz, 533 West 60th St., Chicago. These people of whom information has been asked, will greatly oblige their inquiring friends by writing them.

The Elders here are well, and the labor which they have been doing to perform in this part of the Lord's vineyard is progressing nicely. Have been successful thus far with our street meetings. Holding from four to six every evening, when the weather will permit. I have been laboring in Chicago and adjacent cities and country for the past sixteen months, and have enjoyed my labors extremely well.

Kindly publish the above names, etc., and oblige.

Your Brother in the Gospel, H. LEE BOYER, 5447 Shields Ave., Chicago, Ill.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL.

The annual reunion and banquet of the Omega Keppa society was given at the residence of Bishop and Mrs. Lewis M. Cannon on Tuesday night.

A delightful program was carried out under the direction of the chairman of the evening, Mrs. J. B. Wells, as follows: Original poem by Mrs. R. G. McKaig and Mrs. T. W. Sloan, instrumental and vocal music, Mrs. Ida V. Cannon, chorales, representing incidents familiar to the O. K. society. Mr. R. G. McKaig was master of the banquet and the following toasts were given: "Is Marriage a Failure?" Melvin D. Wells. Response, V. P. Wells.

Mrs. Maggie Cardell, "To the Host and Hostess," Lewis M. Wells; "The Boys," Annie M. Cannon.

The following were present: Mr. and Mrs. R. G. McKaig, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Sloan, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Wells, Bishop and Mrs. L. M. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Young Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Jno. M. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer of Logan, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Logan, Messrs. V. P. Wells; L. M. Wells, N. Y. Morris, G. B. Wells, Mrs. Ida D. Cannon, Mrs. Maggie Cardell, Misses Annie M. Cannon, Cecelia Swenson, Florence Young.

Mrs. Lewis B. Hill and baby leave for Parley's Park next week to spend the summer.

Judge and Mrs. John A. Marshall entertained at a delightful lawn party last night in honor of Miss Ruth Kirkpatrick.

Mr. and Mrs. Victor M. Clement have returned from California and are at the Knutsford.

The Utah State Council of Women met yesterday at the home of Mrs. William C. Jennings and discussed the project of making a display of Utah products at the national bazaar, to be held in Madison Square Garden, New York, next December. Mrs. William Jennings was appointed to take charge of the committee, who will arrange for the exhibit, and Mrs. H. V. Anderson will attend to the press work.

Mr. George M. Taggart's art display at the Ladies' Literary club has been the subject of much complimentary comment.

Mrs. Alice M. Horne will teach art in the L. D. S. College next year.

Unnecessary Loss of Cashier. Mr. W. S. Whedon, Cashier of the First National Bank of Winterset, Iowa, in a recent letter gives some experience with a carpenter in his employment, that will be of value to other mechanics. He says: "I had a carpenter working for me who was obliged to stop work for several days on account of being troubled with diarrhoea. I mentioned to him that I had been similarly troubled and that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy had cured me. He bought a bottle of it from the druggist here and informed me that one dose cured him, and he is again at his work."

HALF RATES.

BIO GRANDE WESTERN RAILWAY. On July 2nd and 4th the Rio Grande Western Ry. announces half rates to any point on its various lines. Try the scenic Circle Tour, or Provo Canyon resorts. Call on Ticket Agent, Dooly Block Corner, for rates and information.

PROGRAM

For Concert at Legation, Sunday, July 1st, by Olsen's Orchestra.

March, "Stars and Stripes Forever," Sousa. Overture, "Golden Rod," Schlegel. Overture, "Saratoga," Tobani. Selection, "Wang," Boettger. Waltz, from the "Serenade," H. L. Clark. Overture, "Irish Medley," Lamotte. Smokey Mokes, characteristic. Galop, "Lationa Races," Daniels. Trains every hour after 1:30 p. m. Concerts at 3:30 and 7:30 p. m.

Old Arm Chair for rest and quiet. P. O. Box 961.

A Summer Dining Free from poison Ivy, snakes, etc. and a long ride, Old Arm Chair. P. O. Box 961.

MERCHANTS' PRINTING. Turned out on short notice at the Deseret News. A big shipment of new types and supplies just in. Our facilities for letter heads, bill heads, tags, envelopes, pads, etc., are unequalled by any establishment in the West.

ARMY SCANDALS FOR THE ENGLISH

Hospital Exposures and Bad Supplies Cause Indignation.

SOCIETY IN FULL SWING.

Receptions, Bazaars, Etc., Enliven London—Czar Forbids Baccarat—Latest Dog and Cat Show.

London, June 29.—(Special London cable letter. Copyrighted 1900 by the Associated Press.)—The "Yellow Peril," as the Chinese crisis is now called here, for the present, relegated to second place. Public interest in the hospital scandals in South Africa so absorbs attention that no amount of official quibbling can suppress it. The treatment of thousands of wounded and fever-stricken British soldiers in the field threatens to become as serious a matter for public agitation as the military camps were after the Spanish-American war. If Lord Roberts was not so frankly willing to shoulder the major part of the responsibility, the outcry which Mr. Burdett-Coutts' letters raised would well nigh have swamped the government. But few people care to seriously criticize the general, whose consideration for his men, especially the wounded, is a byword in the army and elsewhere.

ENGLISH ARE INDIGNANT.

The action of Lord Lansdowne, the secretary of state for war, in submitting the criticism of Lord Roberts himself, was a master stroke of politics which temporarily saved the government's head. However, if the proposed parliamentary committee finds the war office failed to adopt necessary medical precautions, it will take the conservatives a long time to re-establish their prestige with thousands in Great Britain who have suffered bitterly through the loss and illness of relatives in South Africa. It has been hard enough for those bereaved to "grin and bear" the long casualty lists, but with the suspicion that lives were needlessly wasted there is no longer any restraint to their sorrow or limit to their indignation.

DEFENSES OF THE EMPIRE.

A significant sign of the times is the announcement in the July issue of the Nineteenth Century that some of the most distinguished men, regardless of party, have agreed to join in an association with the object of fixing steadily public attention on the lessons of the war, foremost among which is the necessity for examining the defenses of the empire and the need of conducting the various departments of state on ordinary business principles. Among those who have promised to become members are Lord Rosebery, the earl of Leven and Melville, the earl of Rosse, the earl of Clanwilliam, Viscount Peel, the bishop of London (the Rt. Rev. Mandell Creighton, D. D.), Cardinal Vaughan, Sir Wemyss Reid, Sir Howard Vincent and a large number of members of their house of commons and army officers.

ENGLISH ARMY SUPPLY SCANDAL.

Viscount Dehurst, colonel of a volunteer battalion of the Worcester regiment, who married an American, Miss Virginia Bonyne (daughter of Mr. Charles W. Bonyne, formerly of San Francisco) in testifying before a parliamentary committee this week, brought home with startling force the rottenness of the material supplied to the army. He declared that after paying an extra price for shoes for the battalion, after the shoes were "like paper bags with shreds of leather inside," and "you could easily put your finger through the majority of the soles."

BUG POWDER AND COLOGNE.

An amusing story is current regarding Harry Beaumont, one of the best dressed London clubmen, who married Miss Jessie Fellowes of New York, and went to South Africa as an officer of the Cheshire yeomanry. It is said that he requisitioned a Boer house for his own use but, before occupying it, he "showered the building with insect powder," and "drenched it with eau de cologne."

KID GLOVE WARFARE.

How tired the people of England are becoming of such kid-glove methods of warfare could be judged the other night when Sir Evelyn Wood, the adjutant general to the forces, who is notoriously influenced by feminine advice, received a hostile reception at the hands of the hard-minded body as the Institution of Mechanical Engineers.

Somewhat on these lines Sir Claude M. MacDonald, the British minister to China, is coming in for criticism. It is frequently said that he is a better hand at afternoon teas than in preserving the empire of China. A local paper at Tien Tsin once said it was evident Sir Claude's motto was, "I do not care what her flag is so long as she is fair."

It is not generally known that last September Sir Claude MacDonald was suffering so much from heart disease and other complications that he could scarcely walk a hundred yards.

SOCIETY GAUITY REIGNS.

Real social gaiety reigned this week for the first time this season. Heretofore the festivities have been few and far between, and of a rather forced order. But, during the last few days, with the arrival of the Khedive of Egypt, bazaars, entertainments, the state concert and countless dinners, London has taken on its old-time aspect for this time of the year.

The Americans here have taken a conspicuous share in the festivities. Mrs. Mackay received her guests at the top of the historic stair case, which once was in an Italian palace. She was dressed simply in black, her ornaments consisting of a few pearls. Her daughter was her daughter, the Princess Colonna, and her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Clarence Mackay, who was much admired, in white and silver with mauve orchids and a diamond tiara with turquoise points. Most of the notable persons in English and American society were present, including Mr. and Mrs. Bradley-Martin, Mr. Eugene Kelly, Ladies Craven and Hesketh, the Dowager Lady Stafford, Mrs. Paleyford and Mrs. Moreton Frewen.

Mr. William Waldorf-Astor, who also lives in Carlton house terrace, gave a musical soiree last night, at which his numerous guests heard Mme. Calve and Paderewski.

MOST LAVISH ENTERTAINMENT.

The most lavish entertainment of the week, however, was Mrs. Bischoff-Walmsley's dinner party for the prince of Wales, Wednesday. The papers announced that the same night, at which his numerous guests heard Mme. Calve and Paderewski.

\$3 a Month, All Medicines Free.

FOR CATARRH AND ALL KINDRED DISEASES, UNTIL CURED, TO ALL BEGINNING TREATMENT DURING JULY.

IF YOU HAVE CATARRH, Asthma, or Lung Disease, Hay Fever, Catarrh of the Stomach, Bladder, Liver or Kidneys; if you have Pelvic Catarrh, or any other chronic disease the result of Catarrh—come to Drs. Shores, Salt Lake's Popular Physicians and Specialists, at once, and they will treat you until cured for the low fee of \$3 a month, all medicines included free.

\$3.00 IS ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED—\$3.00.

Provided you begin your treatment with Drs. Shores at once. \$3 pays the bill for one whole month, all treatment and necessary medicines furnished free. This generous offer of Drs. Shores & Shores, to cure catarrh and kindred disease for the low fee of \$3.00 a month, is in no sense a charity offer, but is made by Drs. Shores for a distinct purpose.

This low rate will deal "Quackery" in Salt Lake a death blow; it will deal the "patent medicine vendor" a death blow; it will protect the sick from being imposed upon. IT GOES FURTHER—it brings the price of the services of expert physicians and specialists within the reach of all the people.



DR. A. J. SHORES.

YOU CAN BE CURED FOR \$3.00—COME NOW.

THIS OFFER GOES INTO EFFECT AT ONCE, BUT NOT OFF THE DESIRE for a cure until disease has dimmed your mental vision. Do not wait until you are a physical wreck. Don't wait until Catarrh has made you deaf. Do not let it lead you into Consumption, BUT COME NOW.

If you begin your treatment with Drs. Shores AT ONCE they will cure you for \$3 a month, all medicines free. The only restrictions Drs. Shores place on this special offer is that your disease is a curable one. Drs. Shores take no incurable cases at any price.

\$3.00—THIS SPECIAL OFFER A LIMITED ONE \$3.

Drs. Shores especially caution you that if you want to be cured for the low rate of \$3 a month, all medicines free, you must begin your treatment AT ONCE. If you start in at this low rate it will apply to you, and you are permanently cured. "ALL BEGINNING TREATMENT WITH DR. SHORES WITH CATARRH OR ANY CATARRHAL CHRONIC DISEASE, DURING JULY, WILL BE TREATED UNTIL CURED FOR THE LOW FEE OF \$3 A MONTH, NO OTHER CHARGE OF EXPENSE, ALL MEDICINES AND TREATMENT INCLUDED FREE."

COME TODAY. COME ANY DAY THIS MONTH AND BE CURED FOR \$3. COME AND BRING YOUR FRIENDS. CONSULTATION FREE FOR ANY DISEASE ALL THIS WEEK.

\$3.00 A MONTH BY MAIL.

No one need be deprived of the advantages of this SPECIAL OFFER because of living away from the City. WRITE DR. SHORES AT ONCE, if you cannot call, FOR THEIR NEW SYMPTOM LIST AND QUESTION BLANKS, and take advantage of Drs. Shores SPECIAL OFFER DURING JULY TO CURE CATARRH AND ALL CATARRHAL CHRONIC DISEASE FOR THE LOW FEE OF \$3 A MONTH, NO OTHER CHARGE OR EXPENSE, ALL MEDICINES FREE. This special offer goes into effect AT ONCE, and holds good to ALL WHO APPLY THIS MONTH. CALL OR WRITE. CONSULTATION FREE WHETHER YOU TAKE TREATMENT OR NOT.

Drs. Shores \$3 Rate A "God Send."

Drs. Shores \$3 rate for all Catarrhal diseases will prove a "God send" to the sick and afflicted everywhere. Drs. Shores in making this low rate feel that they are performing a true Christian duty—thus enabling the sufferer to regain their lost strength and vitality under the beneficent influence of modern medicines—and for a trifling expense.

The deaf will hear, the lame will be made to walk—the "aches and pains" of mankind will no longer obtain, in the bodies of those who want to be cured.

"DO NOT DESPAIR, Drs. Shores are the true friends of the afflicted and they invite all to take advantage of their generous offer and be cured for \$3.



DR. G. W. SHORES.

ALL DISEASES.

These Master Specialists not only cure Catarrh, but they cure Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Skin Diseases, Blood Diseases, Rheumatism, Malaria, Nervous Diseases, Kidney Diseases, Female Complaints, Insomnia, Dysentery, Paralysis, Rickets, Scrofula, Consumption in the first stage, Liver Disease, Disease of the Bowels, Sciatica, Spinal Diseases, Varicose, Rupture, Stricture and all Chronic and Private Diseases. Our new cure for Tape Worm is mild and pleasant. We positively remove head and all or no pay.

Drs. Shores & Shores, EXPERT SPECIALISTS,

Harmon Block, - - - Salt Lake City, Utah.

Entrance, Room 210, 34 East Second South Street.

until 11 and ended with a supper. While royalty feasted a Japanese troupe, which came here from New York on its way to the Paris exposition, but which seems in no hurry to go there, performed three plays in a large tent erected in the garden. The prince, the Duke of York and Prince Christian with their hostess and her daughter occupied the center seats in the front row. Among the invited guests were the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire, Lady Randolph Churchill, Mrs. George Keppel, Lady Granby, Mrs. William James and Mr. and Mrs. William Grenfell.

MRS. CHOATE'S RECEPTION.

The afternoon reception of Mrs. Joseph H. Choate, wife of the United States ambassador, was as crowded as ever. Many Americans were present, including Mr. J. J. Van Allen, who has just returned from a trip to South Africa, and Mrs. Tomalla.

Lady Randolph Churchill is seen almost everywhere and has been constantly congratulated with varying degrees of sincerity on her approaching marriage to Lieut. Cornwallis-West, and the announcement that the young lieutenant

had been ordered back to South Africa came as a surprise. Society believes it is one more sign what high and mighty influences are still working against the match, foremost among them being, it is said, the prince of Wales.

Another American woman seen at almost all of the most fashionable entertainments is the duchess of Marlborough, who is wearing the Vanderbilt pearls and a massive diamond coronet. In pearl blue satin she was quite the belle of the state concert.

Among the prettiest of those who took part in the children's private theatricals got up by Princess Louise for the benefit of the widows of the Highlanders killed in South Africa, was a daughter of Commander Richardson Clover, the United States naval attaché here.

for baccarat has been quite supplanted in England by the game of "bridge," knowledge of which is now almost as essential in society for men and women as evening clothes.

The extent of the American pilgrimage can be judged by the fact that the other day out of forty-seven guests at a well-known hotel at Warwick, thirty-four were Americans.

DOG AND CAT SHOW.

The Ladies' Kennel association show, now in progress at Regent's Park, is the most important event of this kind which has ever occurred here. Besides royalty's favorite dogs, the exhibit includes similarly favored cats, as the national cat show combined with the kennel association, which example was also followed by the Ladies' Poultry club and the Cage Bird club. The entries number over 2,500, and are attracting large and fashionable crowds. The prince of Wales proved a successful prize-winner, while the competitors include the Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, Princess Alexis Dolgorouski, the countess of Aberdeen, and many other titled personages.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Chicago, Ill., June 26, 1900.

To the Editor:

I have in my possession a number of names of people in Utah which have been handed me, by friends here, who wished to know if I could learn of their whereabouts. I thought the only way to get at it properly was to send names and have them published by the "News." So will give them here as they have been handed me:

First—Samuel Galbraith, once a missionary in England; supposed to live now in Mexico. Friend inquiring after him. H. De Joannis, 324 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Second—James Udy, blacksmith, native of Cornwall, Eng. Friend, Thomas Brown, formerly of Lobb, Regent St., London, Eng. Present address, 612 West 5th St., Chicago. Is a renowned shoemaker.

Third—Edw. Hunter, son of Bishop Edw. Hunter, inquirer, Mrs. W. G. Bull, Peoria, Ill.

Fourth—Charles Maritz, inquirer V.